

A European Competence Framework for low carbon economy and sustainability through education: ECF4CLIM



HORIZON 2020 EUROPEAN GREEN DEAL CALL

ECF4CLIM

An innovative hybrid participatory approach to education

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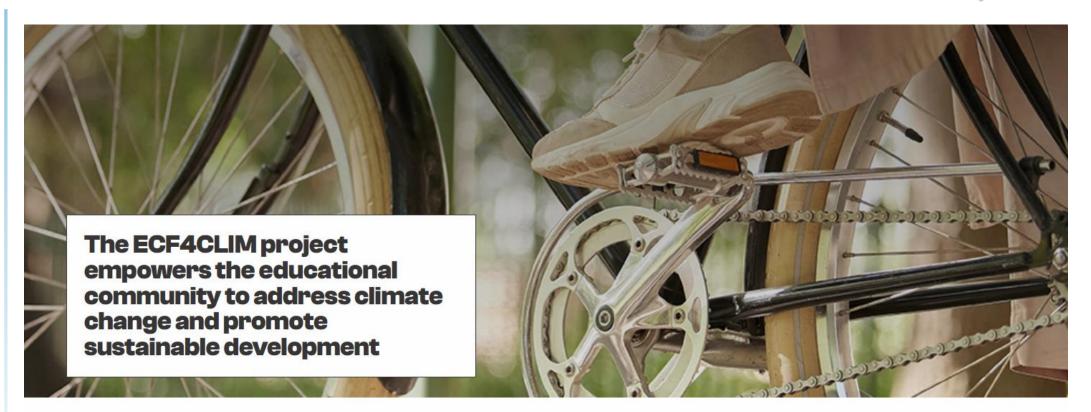
Project overview

$\rightarrow \text{Main achievements} \\ \rightarrow \text{Challenges & opportunities}$



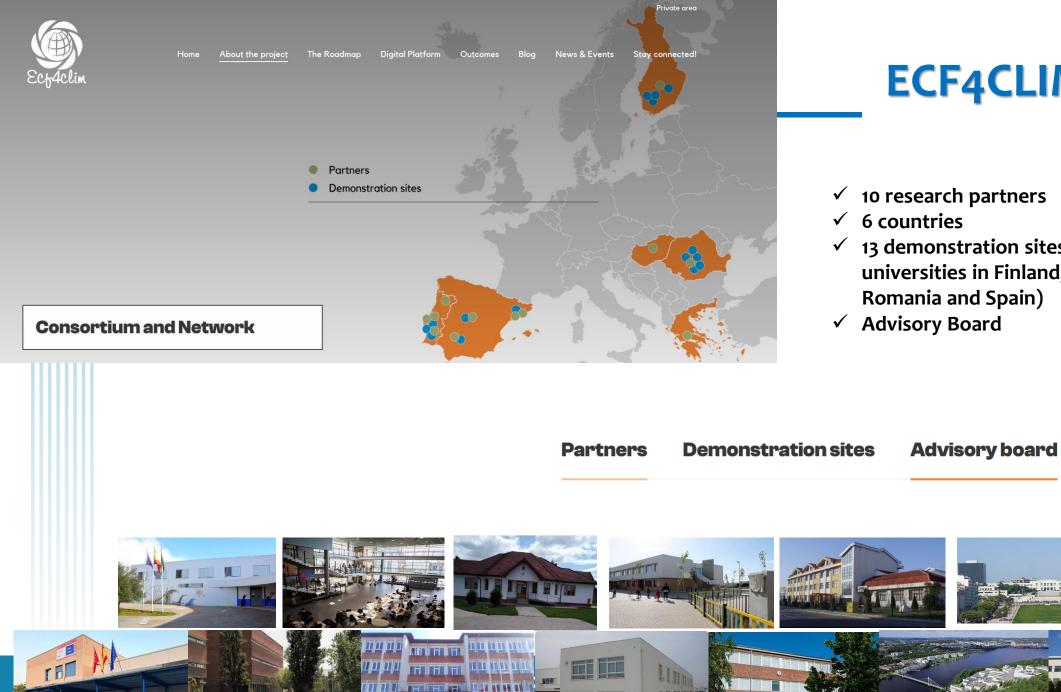


ECF4CLIM objectives



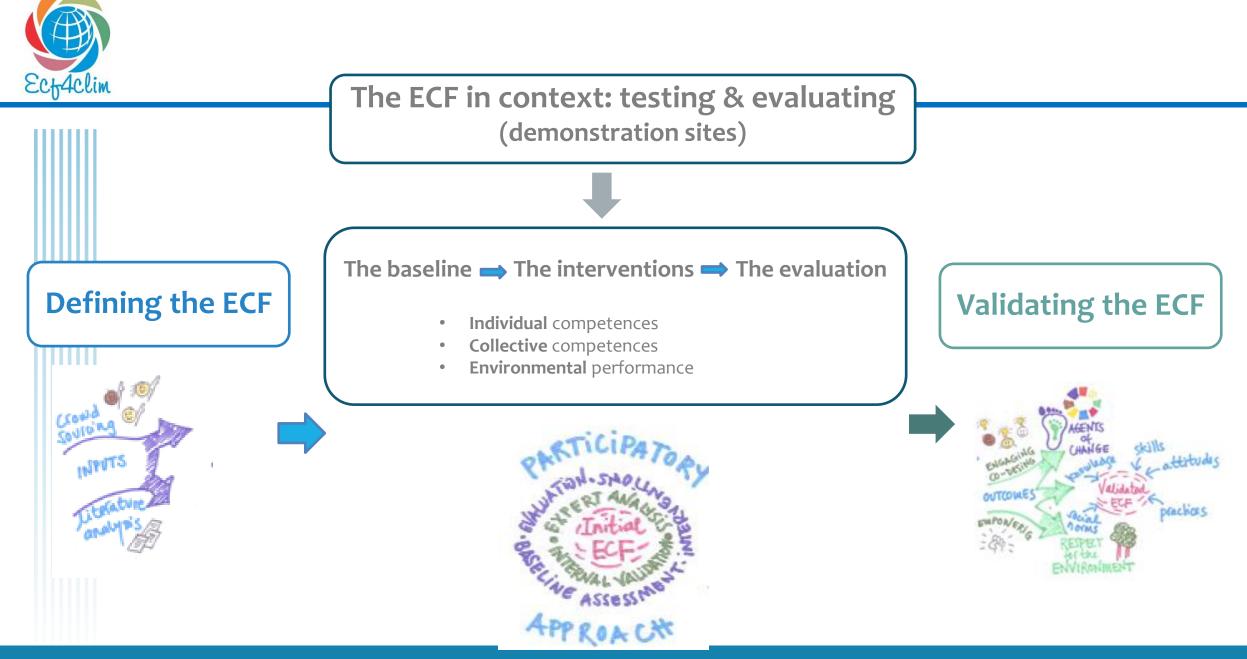
We aim to create a European Competence Framework for transformative change through education

Through a transdisciplinary approach, ECF4CLIM fosters participatory processes in schools and universities to enable sustainable education. Innovative organisational models (sustainability competence teams and committees) are used to design interventions that can be adapted and applied to wider educational communities.



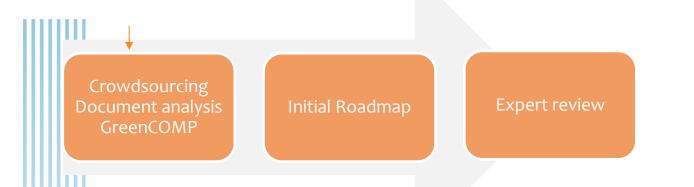
ECF4CLIM: team

- \checkmark 10 research partners
- 6 countries
- ✓ 13 demonstration sites (schools & universities in Finland, Portugal, Romania and Spain)
- ✓ Advisory Board





Our initial proposal (fully bottom-up) and the need to integrate the JRC ECF (Green COMP)



Defining the ECF: the initial roadmap

https://mappa.fi/en/greencomp-roadmap/

31 worshops: 500 participants eDelphi: 119 particpants Expert review: 7 participants

THE 4 INTERCONNECTED STEPS OF THE ECF4CLIM ROADMAP

EMBODYING VALUES

STEP 1. ENGAGEMENT

Engages people through reflection and inclusive dialogue on the values of sustainability.

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STEP 2. CONNECTIONS

Finds systemic connections between everyday life to promote critical thinking. ENVISIONING SUSTAINABLE FUTURES

STEP 3. VISIONS

Maps possibilities for change and envisions desirable futures.



STEP 4. ACTION

Develops and executes an action plan and evaluates the results.

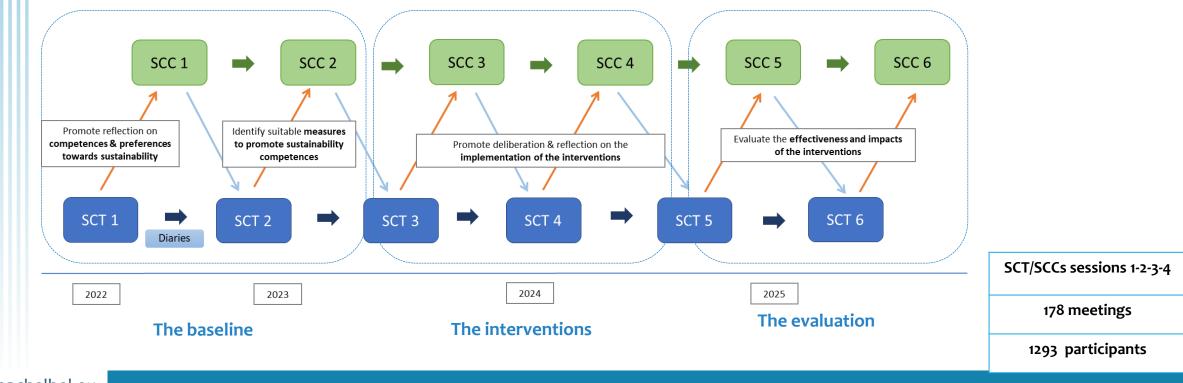


Our hybrid participatory approach in

→ Innovative organizational models of engagement & action for sustainability (tailoring STAVE* to the educational community)

✓ **Sustainability Competence Teams**: Students, Teachers, Administrative Staff

✓ **Sustainability Competence Committees:** SCT representatives + wider educational community



* www.pachelbel.eu

Methodological basis



Participatory action research

→ <u>Self-reflection</u> as a driver for change and <u>transformation</u>.
 Individuals are not passive subjects but active actors in the research process and in drawing conclusions from what they learn (Kemmis, 2024)

Iteration

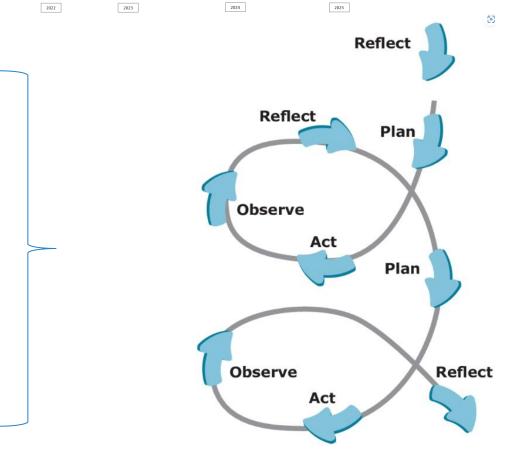
→ Successive interactions within and between different actors contribute to rethink existing knowledge and assumptions (Prades et al, 2017)

Creativity

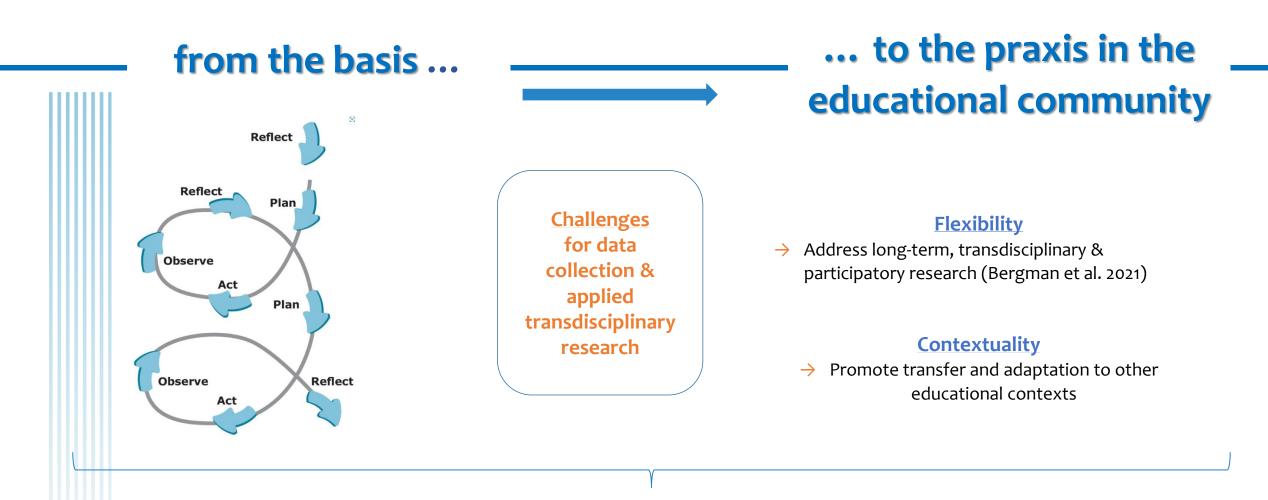
→ Creativity supports innovation and problem solving to address complex issues an essential component in sustainability learning (Sandri 2013)

Transdiciplinarity

 → Involving interaction between the academia and the outside world (Ortiz et al, 2020)



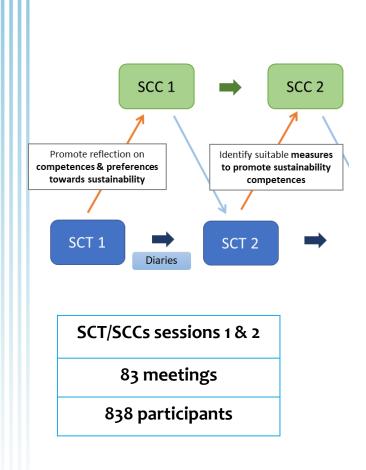
The Action Research Planner: Doing Critical Participatory Action Research | SpringerLink



practical and applicable tools that promote thinking and self-reflection on sustainability competences as a first step towards transformational change

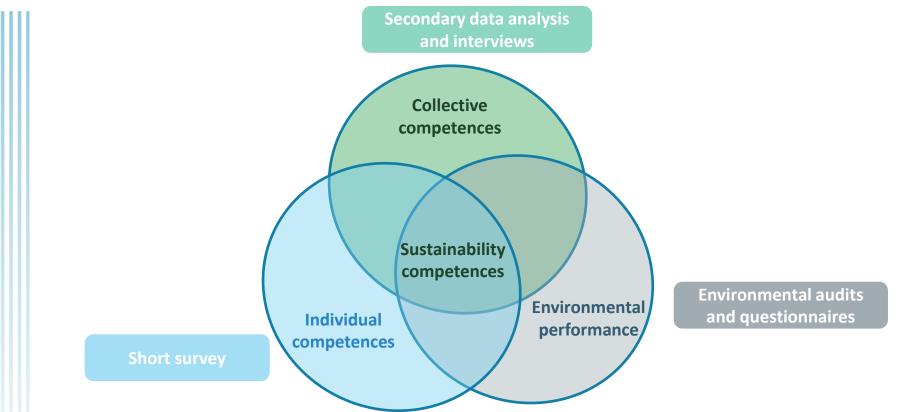


Establishing the baseline and codesigning the interventions –



- → Promoting reflection on sustainability competences and preferences towards sustainability: <u>the baseline</u>
- → Engaging the educational communities in the codesign of <u>suitable measures</u> to promote sustainability competences

Operationalizing the Roadmap: the baseline –



ECH4Clim



The baseline of collective competentes –

Regulative competences

Written rules (laws, regulations) that stipulate how sustainable development is to be considered and promoted – and by whom.

Normative competences

Norms and values reflected in the organisation's strategies, plans, guidelines, agreements with authorities, etc.

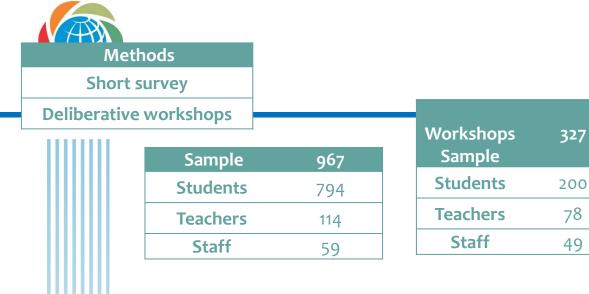
Cultural-cognitive competences

Internalisation of the regulative/normative as taken-for-granted social norms of normal/acceptable behaviours; translation into daily routines, habits, and practices.

- ✓ Clear tension between regulatory/ normative and cultural-cognitive competences at all DS
- ✓ Identification of aspects in which "theory and practice" coincide and diverge
- ✓ Similarities and differences between countries & educational levels

To be interpreted with caution;

- ⇒ non-exhaustive document analysis of regulatory and normative competences
- \Rightarrow ~ findings only relate to our DS not to the country or education level
- \Rightarrow socio-economic and socio-professional profiles should be borne in mind



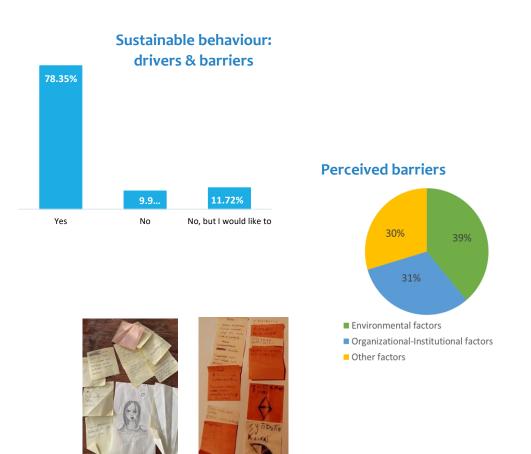
- Preliminary overview of perceptions and expectations concerning sustainability prior to the interventions
- Quantitative findings suggests an overall promising starting point (high self-declared levels of awareness, willingness to act, no significant barriers to action evoked) but the qualitative evidence reveals a much more complex picture ...

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Findings must be interpreted with caution;

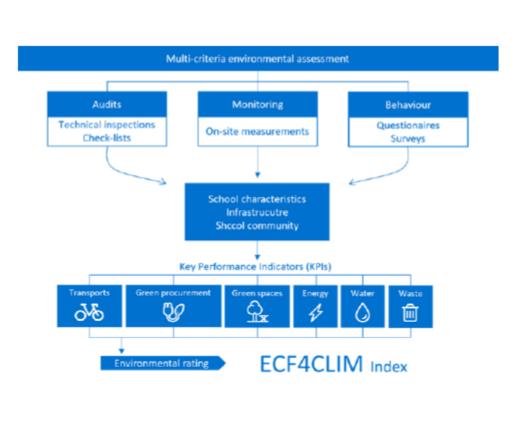
- $\Rightarrow \quad \text{Personal interpretations \& social desirability bias}$
- $\Rightarrow \quad \text{Non-representatives samples}$
- \Rightarrow Contextual factors (environmental performance & collective competences)

The baseline of individual competences –

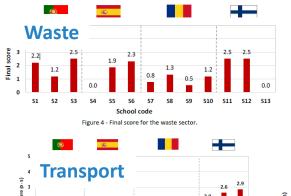




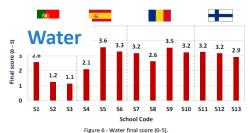
✓ The baseline of environmental performance –

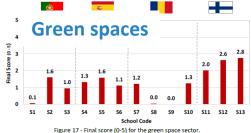


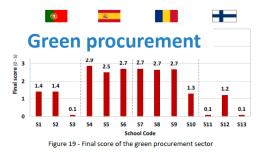
The ECF4CLIM index



School Code Figure 15 - Final score of the transport sector

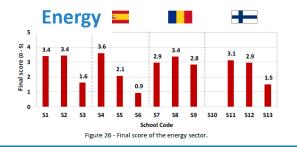






1.6

1.6





✓ the 159 co-designed measures in Finland, Portugal, Romania and Spain –

Measures to change the conditions: the environmental performance
 Measures to change the people: the individual competences
 Measures to change the system: the collective competences

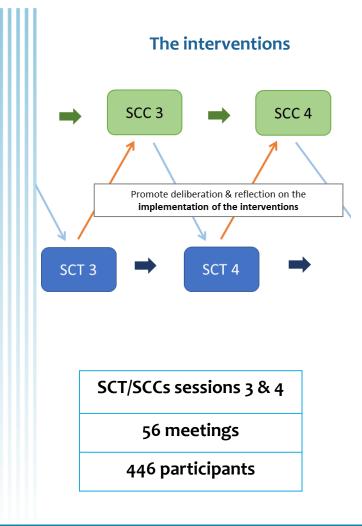








Monitoring the implementation of the interventions –



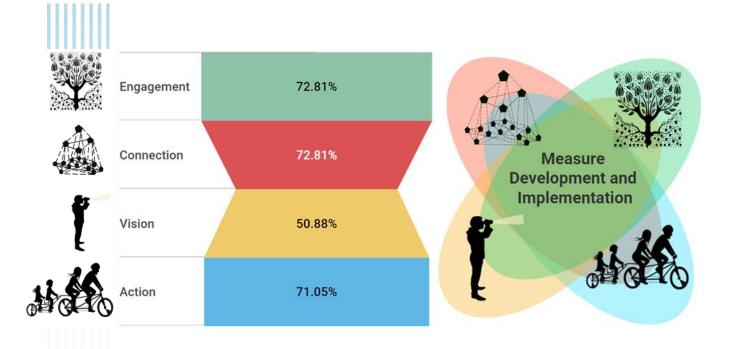
- engage the DS in reflection on whether and how the interventions affect
 competences and capabilities to act towards sustainability (SCTs) and engage
 the wider educational community in providing suggestions, modifications or
 changes on the on-going interventions (SCCs)
- preliminary identification of the individual, organisational and structural drivers for and barriers to sustainable behaviours
- → stimulate reflection on the first and second steps of our roadmap: engagement and connections

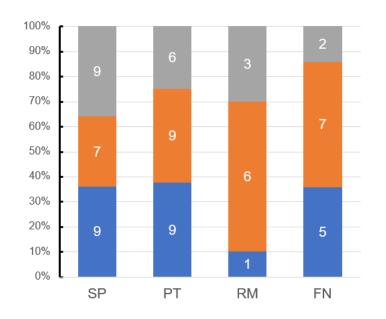
Environmental performance	Collective competences	Individual competences
(N = 73)	(N = 52)	(N = 34)
 New equipment: 28 Infrastructure: 27 Accounting and monitoring: 18 	 Pedagogy: 16 Cooperation: 12 Curricula: 11 Culture: 6 Steering documents: 6 Research: 1 	 Information and awareness: 13 Learning possibilities: 9 Field trips: 6 Events and theme weeks: 4 Competition and rewards: 2

Co-designed intervention measures by type (total = 159)

Monitoring the the interventions –

Individual CompetencesCollective CompetencesEnvironmental Performance



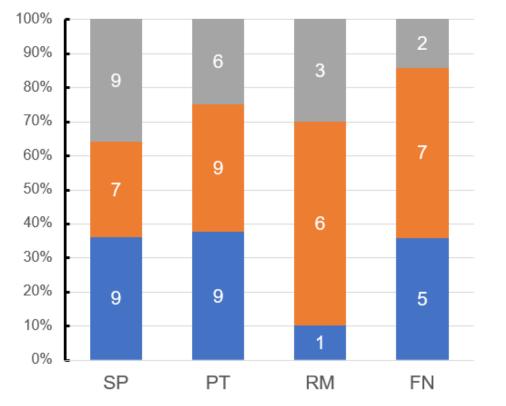




Measures selected for implementation analysis



Analysis of measures selected for implementation by country and ECF4CLIM Analytical Framework spheres



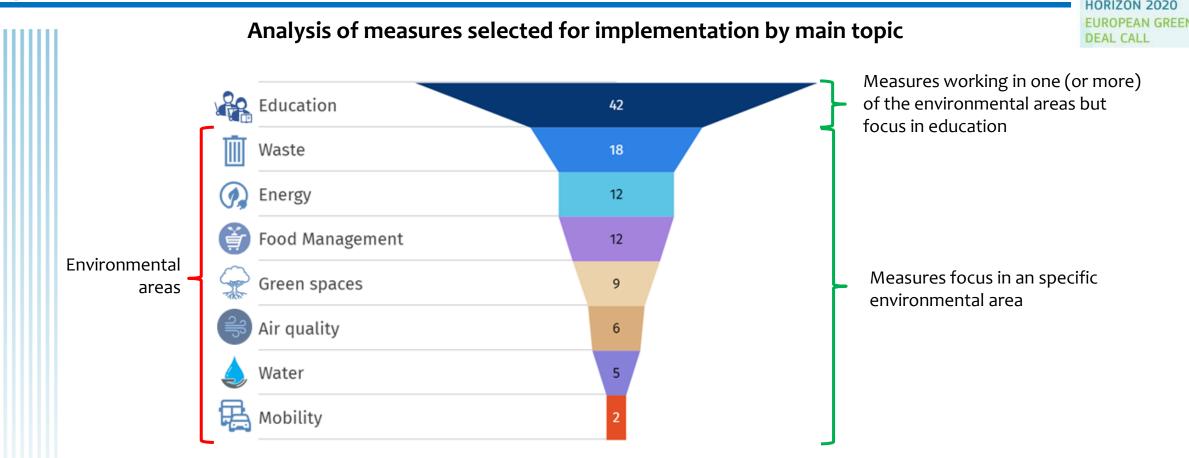
Individual CompetencesCollective CompetencesEnvironmental Performance

Classification of measures selected by country and ECF4CLIM Analytical Framework spheres

ECF4CLIM 2nd Review Meeting



Measures selected for implementation analysis

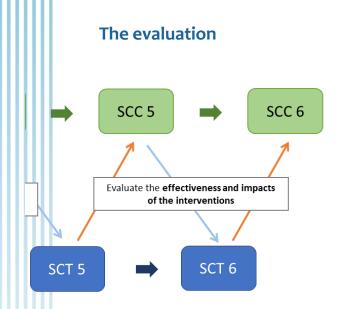


Classification of measures selected by main topic

ECF4CLIM 2nd Review Meeting



Participatory evaluation



- → The evaluation helps to identify and describe the current state of individual and collective competences and environmental performance, and explore relationships between an intervention and its outcomes
- → The evaluation encompasses also the broader institutional factors that condition the success of the interventions, thus identifying the obstacles, reasons for success and failure, laying the basis for the design of effective and context-sensitive solutions.
- → The evaluation of the interventions provides the basis for an evaluation of ECF4CLIM as a whole.

The 4 Areas of the Digital Platform



Crowdsourcing processes

Through online discussions we collect data from different types of communities to have their voice heard in the process.

The aim of crowdsourcing is to find out the barriers and possibilities in sustainability education at schools and universities, and outline what kind of tools educators and other stakeholders have for promoting sustainability competences. We will collect data from different types of communities to have their voice heard in the process.

More info



Tools for Environmental Assessment

It gives access to a set of user-friendly tools for educational communities and citizens: the Environmental footprint calculator, the retrofitting toolkits 1 & 2, and the Sustainability Interventions Evaluation.





Monitoring & Data Tools

The IoT Ecosystem functions as a data aggregator, collecting information, including energy consumption and temperatures, from various schools and universities participating in the ECF4CLIM project. The tool provides dynamic calculation and visual analytics over key performance indicator (KPI) measurements and helps the educational community to test different interventions aimed to improve the KPIs.



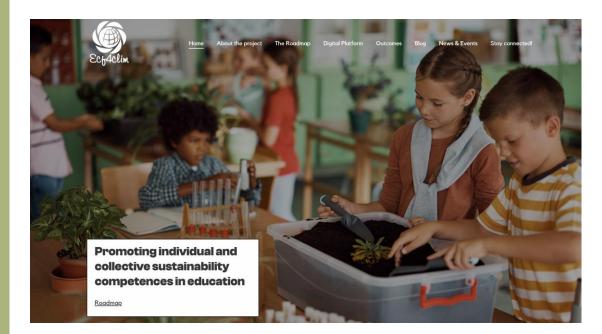
Learning Space

More info

It gives access to educational resources designed to improve citizens' awareness, learning and capacity for climate actions and sustainability.

These educational materials are divided into materials for students, for teachers and games.

Our digital platform & our Web



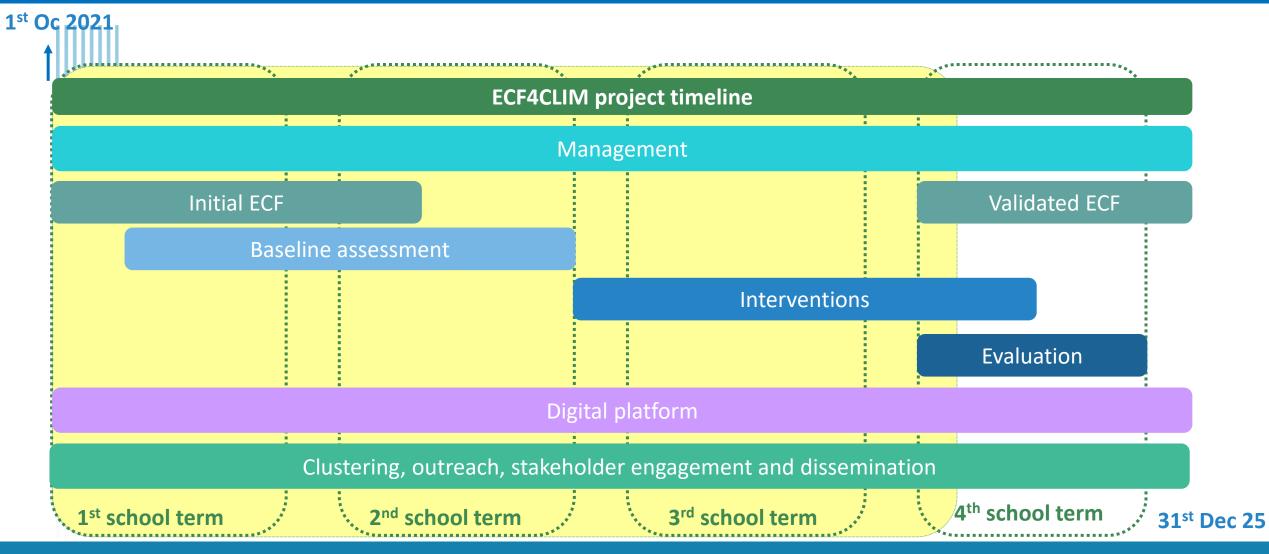
https://ecf4clim.eu/

on. December 2024





ECF4CLIM timeline



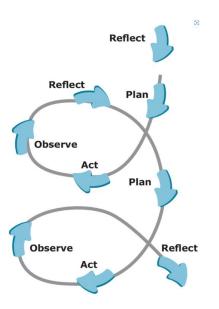


Challenges & opportunities

Of participatory action research in educational settings

- Substantial time & resource limitations at the DS (different across DS)
- Changes in participants (not similar across DS)
- Need to adapt the methodological designs to the educational dynamics
- Flexibility in the application of the methods an impacts on the nature of the evidence we are generating

- Significant levels of satisfaction with the collaborative work (feedback from participants)
- Adaptive and iteratively constructed methodological strategy throughout the project:
 - \rightarrow Cross-country dialogues to encourage collective reflection (e.g. GA)
 - \rightarrow Sensitivity to the context (e.g. mitigating measures to fit the school calendar)
 - \rightarrow New methodological insights
 - \rightarrow Fine-tuning of evaluation strategy





Challenges & opportunities

Of inter and transdisciplinary research

- Lack of skills and tradition in interdisciplinary research
- Risk of running in parallel: each expert doing its own work

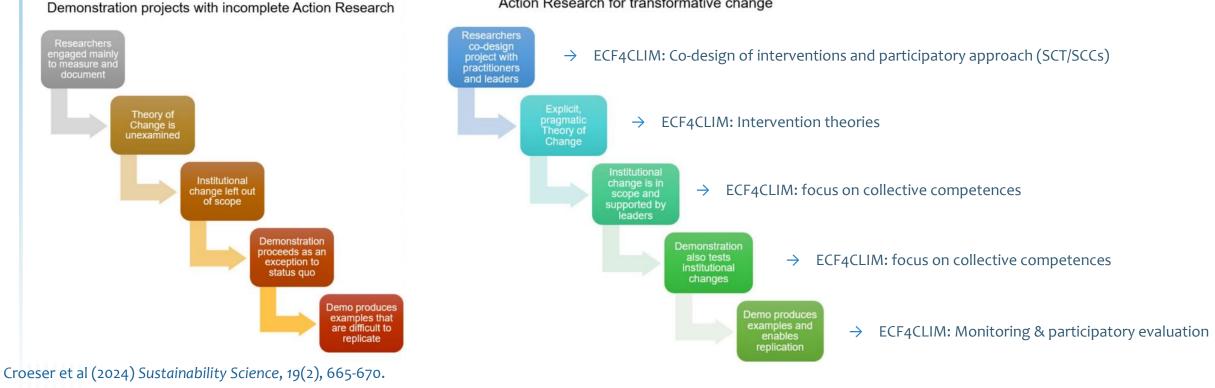


- Our transdisciplinary strategy:
 - Mitigation measures to generate time and space for transdisciplinary dialogues: creative activities at GA with DS and AB, multidisciplinary dialogues & webinar, publications strategies ...
 - Opportunities to gather meaningful empirical evidence on transdisciplinary work in EU funded projects (i.e., interviews with EU coordinators)



Challenges & opportunities

Of sustainability and scaling up of project results



Action Research for transformative change



